

D 30702

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

*(Kerala map to Accompany)***FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022**

History

HIS 5B 09—KERALA HISTORY-1

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer the questions in two or three sentences.**Each question carries 2 marks.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Palghat Gap. | 2. Edakkal Caves. |
| 3. Kutakkallu. | 4. Brahmin Settlements in Kerala |
| 5. Muziris. | 6. Tarisappli Copper Plates. |
| 7. Kolathunadu. | 8. Ainkudikammalar. |
| 9. Sankaracharya. | 10. Sanketham. |
| 11. Manipravalam. | 12. Kerala Pazhama. |
| 13. Francisco de Almeda. | 14. Canon roads of Tipu Sultan. |
| 15. Marakkar Fort. | |

(Ceiling 25 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type)*Answer the questions in 100 words.**Each question carries 5 marks.*

16. Give an account of the influence of Coastline on the formation of Kerala culture.
17. Point out the evidences of Neolithic settlements in Kerala.
18. Trace out the Epigraphical sources for studying medieval Kerala History.
19. What is the specificities of Marutham Tinai ?
20. Write briefly on the Indo- Roman trade mentioned in Sangam anthologies.

Turn over

21. Point out the debate on the nature of Second Chera State.
22. Bring out the role of Kunjali Marakkar's in resisting Portuguese domination.
23. Point out the following sites related to early medieval Kerala History.

Thiruvalla, Ezhimala, Tiruvanchikkulam, Kodungallur, Thirunelli.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any **two** questions.*

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Sketch out the Megalithic tradition of Kerala.
25. Discuss mainly on the emergence of temple and its role in early medieval Kerala society.
26. Trace out the Greek and Roman literary works depicting trade enterprises in Kerala.
27. Bring out the impact of Mysorean invasion on Kerala polity and economy.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

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D 30702–A**(Pages : 4)****Name.....****Reg. No.....****FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2022****History****HIS 5B 09—KERALA HISTORY-1****(2019 Admission onwards)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 5B 09—KERALA HISTORY-1

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Yapaniya was a school of :

- (A) Buddhism.
- (B) Jainism.
- (C) Shaivism.
- (D) Vaishnavism.

2. Buddha was born at :

- (A) A Lumbini.
- (B) Kapilavastu.
- (C) Pataliputra.
- (D) Vaishali.

3. 'Tolkappiyam' is related to :

- (A) Administration.
- (B) Law.
- (C) Grammar.
- (D) None of these.

4. The study of coin is known as _____.

- (A) Numismatics.
- (B) Epigraphy.
- (C) Palaeography.
- (D) Archaeology.

5. Which is the oldest Brahmanic literature ?

- (A) Aranyak.
- (B) Upanishad.
- (C) Smriti.
- (D) Veda.

6. Mid land _____ In between the high land and the low land is rich in _____ Production.

- (A) Agricultural.
- (B) Mountains.
- (C) Industrial
- (D) Sea coast.

7. Sahya range may be called as the great sentiment of the _____.

- (A) East.
- (B) South.
- (C) North.
- (D) West.

8. The Perumbadi gives access to coorg while Tamarasseri provide access from ——— to Mysore.
- (A) Cochin. (B) Coimbatore.
(C) Wayand. (D) Malappuram.
9. The flood of in the Periyar river forced Tipu Sultan to abandon is further conquest of Tiruvitamkur ?
- (A) 1789. (B) 1799.
(C) 1879. (D) 1897.
10. To get permission for trade English sent captain Hawkins.
- (A) Shajahan. (B) Jahangir.
(C) Aurangazeb. (D) Bahadursha.
11. The Tamil land during the sangam age consisted ——— tinais or physiographic divisions.
- (A) 3. (B) 4.
(C) 5. (D) 6.
12. What was sangam in an ancient India ?
- (A) Sangha or Mandal of Tamil poets. (B) Tamil King's court poets.
(C) Tamil settlement. (D) Mesolithic graves..
13. The earliest available Indian coins were made of ———.
- (A) Gold. (B) Silver.
(C) Copper. (D) Copper and silver.
14. What kind of payment system British followed in army recruitment ?
- (A) Malayujari. (B) Ghatwali.
(C) Mahalwari. (D) Yadgiri.

Turn over

15. Which Act provided for holding the I. C. S. recruitment examination in India?
- (A) Indian councils Act 1861. (B) Indian councils Act, 1893.
(C) Morley -Minto Reforms 1909. (D) Government of India Act, 1919.
16. The ancient port Kaveripattanam was known to the authors of the sangam age as _____.
(A) Kodungallur. (B) Nelakinda.
(C) Poduke. (D) Puhar.
17. Which of the following sites was the first yield to the evidence of Painted Grey ware ?
(A) Ahichchhatra. (B) Atranjikhhera.
(C) Hastinapur. (D) Sravasti.
18. Which of the following is not a part of the Buddhist architecture ?
(A) Anda. (B) Medhi.
(C) Chhatra. (D) Atharala..
19. Plough is the characteristic feature of the icons of _____.
(A) Balarama. (B) Krishna.
(C) Surya. (D) Trivikrama..
20. Which of the following dynasties in India had not issued their own coins ?
(A) Chalukya. (B) Pallava.
(C) Rashtrakuta. (D) Chola.