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## SIXTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2022

(CBCSS-UG)

**Mathematics** 

MTS 6B 10—REAL ANALYSIS

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

## Section A

Answer at least **ten** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Define continuity of a function. Show that the constant function f(x) = b is continuous on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- 2. State Boundedness theorem. Is boundedness of the interval, a necessary condition in the theorem? Justify with an example.
- 3. If  $f: A \to IR$  is uniformly continuous on  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  and  $(x_n)$  is a Cauchy sequence in A. Then show that  $f(x_n)$  is a Caychy sequence in  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- 4. Define Riemann sum of a function  $f:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$ .
- 5. Suppose f and g are in  $\mathbb{R}[a,b]$  then show that f+g is in  $\mathbb{R}[a,b]$ .
- 6. State squeeze theorem for Riemann integrable functions.
- 7. If f belong to  $\mathbb{R}[a,b]$ , then show that its absolute value |f| is in  $\mathbb{R}[a,b]$ .
- 8. Define pointwise convergence of a sequence  $(f_n)$  of functions.
- 9. Discuss the uniform convergence of  $f_n(x) = x^n$  on (-1,1].
- 10. If  $h_n(x) = 2nxe^{-nx^2}$  for  $x \in [0,1], n \in \mathbb{N}$  and h(x) = 0 for all  $x \in [0,1]$ , then show that :

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{0}^{1} h_{n}(x) dx \neq \int_{0}^{1} h(x) dx.$$

11. State Cauchy criteria for uniform convergence series of functions.

Turn over

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- 12. Evaluate  $\int_{-1}^{0} \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$ .
- 13. What is Cauchy principle value. Find the principal value of  $\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x}$
- 14. State Leibniz rule for differentiation of Ramann integrals.
- 15. State that  $\lceil (p+1) = p \rceil p$  for p > 0.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section B

2

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Show that the Dirichlet's function:

 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 0 \text{ if } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases} \text{ is not continuous at any point of } \mathbb{R}.$ 

- 17. State and prove Bolzano intermediate value theorem.
- 18. Show that the following functions are not uniformly continuous on the given sets:

(a) 
$$f(x) = x^2 \text{ on } A = [0, \infty].$$

(b) 
$$g(x) = \sin \frac{1}{x}$$
 on  $B = (0, \infty)$ .

- 19. If  $f:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$  is continuous on [a,b], then show that  $f \in \mathbb{R}[a,b]$ .
- 20. Let  $(f_n)$  be a sequence of continuous functions on a set  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  and suppose that  $(f_n)$  converges uniformly on A to a function  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}$ . Then show that f is continuous on A.
- 21. Let  $f_n:[0,1] \to \mathbb{IR}$  be defined for  $n \ge 2$  by :

$$f_n(x) = \begin{cases} n^2 x & , 0 \le x \le \frac{1}{n} \\ -n^2 (x - 2/n), \frac{1}{n} \le x \le \frac{2}{n} \\ 0 & , \frac{2}{n} \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Show that the limit function is Riemann integrable. Verify whether  $\lim_{x \to 0}^{1} f_n(x) = \int_{0}^{1} f(x) dx$ .

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22. Given  $\iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy = \pi$ , find the value of  $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$ .

23. Show that 
$$\forall p > 0, q > 0$$
 B $(p,q) = \frac{\lceil p \rceil \rceil q}{\lceil (p+q) \rceil}$ .

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## **Section C**

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. State and prove Location of roots theorem.
- 25. State and prove Additivity theorem.

26. Evaluate (a) 
$$\lim \frac{x^n}{1+x^n}$$
 for  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x \ge 0$ . (b)  $\lim \frac{\sin nx}{1+nx}$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x \ge 0$ .

Discuss about their uniform convergence.

27. (a) Show that 
$$\forall q > -1, \int_{0}^{1} x^{q} e^{-x} dx$$
 converges.

(b) Show that 
$$\forall q \leq -1, \int_{0}^{1} x^{q} e^{-x} dx$$
 diverges.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$