

C 41231

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION  
APRIL 2023**

Mathematics

MTS 4B 04—LINEAR ALGEBRA

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Section A (Short Answer type Question)**

*Each question carries 2 marks.*

*All questions can be attended.*

*Overall ceiling 25.*

- Give an example of a system of linear equation with the following properties :
  - Unique solution ; and
  - No solution.
- For any  $2 \times 2$  matrices, A and B, prove that  
 $\text{trace}(A + B) = \text{trace}(A) + \text{trace}(B)$ .
- Define all subspaces of the vector space  $\mathbb{R}^3$  over  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- Define linear combination of vectors in a vector space. Write  $(2, 3)$  as the linear combination of  $(1, 0)$  and  $(0, 1)$ .
- Define basis of a vector space. Write a basis of  $P_n$ , where  $P_n$  is the polynomials of degree less than or equal to  $n$ .
- Consider the basis  $B = \{u_1, u_2\}$  and  $B' = \{u'_1, u'_2\}$  of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , where  $u_1 = (1, 0)$ ,  $u_2 = (0, 1)$ ,  $u'_1 = (1, 1)$  and  $u'_2 = (2, 1)$ . Find the transformation matrix from  $B' \rightarrow B$ .
- Let  $W = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x + y = 0\}$ . Find the dimension of W.

**Turn over**

8. Give an example of an infinite dimensional vector space.
9. Define rank and nullity of a matrix.
10. Find the image of  $x = (1, 1)$  under the rotation of  $\frac{\pi}{6}$ , about the origin.
11. Define eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix.

12. Find the eigen values of  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2/3 & 0 \\ 5 & -8 & -\frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$ .

13. If  $\lambda$  is the eigen values of a matrix A, show that  $\lambda^n$  is the eigen values of  $A^n$ .
14. Show that  $(1, 1)$  and  $(1, -1)$  are orthogonal vectors with respect to the Euclidean inner product.
15. Let W be the subspace spanned by the orthonormal vector  $v_1 = (0, 1, 0)$ . Find the orthogonal projection of  $u = (1, 1, 1)$  on W.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

### Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type Questions)

*Each question carries 5 marks.*

*All questions can be attended.*

*Overall Ceiling 35.*

16. Solve the following linear system by Gauss-Elimination method,

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 &= 8 \\ -x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 &= 1 \\ 3x_1 - 7x_2 + 4x_3 &= 10. \end{aligned}$$

17. Prove that, if A and B are invertible matrices of same size, then AB is invertible and  $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$ .

18. Show that the set  $\{(1, 1, 2), (1, 0, 1), (2, 1, 3)\}$  spans  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
19. Show that the operator  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  defined by the equations

$$\begin{aligned}w_1 &= 2x_1 + x_2 \\w_2 &= 3x_1 + 4x_2\end{aligned}$$

is one-one, and find  $T^{-1}(w_1, w_2)$ .

20. Let  $T$  be the operator which is the reflection about the  $xz$  plane in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Find the matrix of  $T$  with respect to the standard basis.
21. Find the rank and nullity of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 & 4 & 5 & -3 \\ 3 & -7 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & -5 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 1 \\ 4 & -9 & 2 & -4 & -4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

22. Find the bases of the eigen spaces of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

23. Show that a square matrix  $A$  is invertible if and only if 0 is not an eigen value of  $A$ .

(Ceiling 35 marks)

**Turn over**

**Section C (Essay Type Question)**

*Answer any two questions.  
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. (a) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , verify that  $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$ .

(b) Define the followings with examples :

- (i) Diagonal matrices ;
- (ii) Lower triangular matrices ;
- (iii) Upper triangular matrices ;
- (iv) Symmetric matrices ; and
- (v) Singular matrices.

25. Let  $v_1 = \{1, 2, 1\}$ ,  $v_2 = \{2, 9, 0\}$  and  $v_3 = \{3, 3, 4\}$ .

(a) Show that  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

(b) Find the co-ordinate vector of  $v = (5, -1, 9)$  relative to the basis  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ .

26. Consider the following linear system :

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -9 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Show that the above system is consistent.

(b) Solve the above system of linear equations.

27. (a) Define similar matrices.

(b) Show that the following matrix is not diagonalizable :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -3 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)